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## UNIVERSITY OF JAFFNA, SRI LANKA BACHELOR OF PHARMACY

## THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION – SEPTEMBER 2018 PHACN 3124 CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS

Date: 25.09.2018 Time: 3 Hours

Answer All Eight Questions.

Answer parts A, B and C in separate answer books.

## PART - A

1	1.1	Define the term 'Glycosides'.	(10 Marks)
	1.2	Draw the structures of different aglycon moieties of cardiac glycosides with an example for each of them.	
			(40 Marks)
	1.3	Write an account on Anthraquinone glycosides.	(50 Marks)
2	2.1	Name three monocyclic monoterpenoids with their structures.	(30 Marks)
	2.2	Enumerate the general properties of terpenoids.	(30 Marks)
	2.3	List the medicinal uses of terpenoids with examples.	(40 Marks)
3	3.1	List the differences between typical and proto alkaloids.	(20Marks)
	3.2	Classify heterocyclic alkaloids with an example for each of them.	(40Marks)
	3.3	Explain the general procedure for the extraction of alkaloids from plants.	(40 Marks)
		$\underline{\mathbf{PART}} - \underline{\mathbf{B}}$	
4.	4.1	What is meant by 'Denaturation of protein'?	(10 Marks)
	4.2	List the chemical and physical agents that are involved in the denaturation of protein.	(10 Marks)
	4.3	Draw the structures of all end products that would be formed in the following reactions.	(10 Marks)
		4.3.1. Gly-Ala + Phenyl isothiocyanate	(10 Marks)
		4.3.2. Glycine + Ninhydrin	(10 Marks)
		4.3.3. Ala-Gly + 1-Floro-2,4-dinitro benzene	(10 Marks)
		4.3.4. Ala-Gly + 5-dimethylamine naphthalene-1-shulphonylchloride	(10 Marks)
	4.4	Give the steps involved in the synthesis of tryptophan from Indole-3-aldehyde	(40 Marks)

5. 5.1 Briefly explain the mutarotation in glucose.

- (40 Marks)
- 5.2 Give the steps involve in conversion of D-Glucose to D-Arabinose.



D- Glucose

- D- Arabinose
- (30 Marks)
- 5.3 Draw the most stable form of chair confirmation of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  forms of D-glucose and give the reasons for your answer.
- (30 Marks)
- 6. 6.1 Draw the structures of end products in the following reactions.
  - .6.1.1 Glucose + Con.HNO<sub>3</sub>
  - 6.1.2 Glucose + Ag<sub>2</sub>O

(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

6.1.3 Glucose + Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>

- (10 Marks)
- **6.2** Briefly explain the epimerization of D-glucose with relevant structures.
- (30 Marks)

- **6.3** Explain the carbohydrate chemistry of following.
  - 6.3.1 Sucrose

(15 Marks)

6.3.2 Lactulose

(10 Marks)

6.3.3 Maltose

(15 Marks)

## PART - C

7.	7.1	Draw the chemical structures of sulfur containing vitamins.	(30 Marks)
	7.2	Sketch out the synthesis of $\alpha$ – tocopherol from 2,3,5 – Triethylquinol	(30 Marks)
	7.3	Write the steps involved in the conversion of $\beta$ – carotene to vitamin $A_1$ with relevant chemical structures?	(40 Marks)
8.	8.1	Define the following terms.	
		8.1.1 Saponification value	(10 Marks)
		8.1.2 Iodine value	(10 Marks)
		8.1.3 Acid value	(10 Marks)
		8.1.3 Ester value	(10 Marks)
	8.2		(10 Marks)
	0.2	8.2.2 Explain the different types of rancidity?	(30 Marks)
		8 2 3 How rancidity of oils can be prevented?	(20 Marks)

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