FACULTY OF MEDICINE, UNIVERSITY OF JAFFNA, SRILANKA EXAMINATION FOR ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES DEGREE IN MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES

FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FEBRUARY 2014 MLSCM 4201 CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

Date: 03.03.2014

Time: Three hours

Answer all questions

| Δn | nswer all questions | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | |
| 1. | Urine specimen of a 53 year old lady with recurre | ent UTI is give | en to you for | | |
| | investigation. | | | | |
| | 1.1 Name five bacteria that cause urinary tract inf | fection. | | (10marks) | |
| | 1.2 Name five different specimens you could rece | eive for urine | investigation. | (10marks) | |
| | 1.3 Describe how you would perform the microsc | copic examina | ation on | | |
| | urine specimen. | | | (30marks) | |
| | 1.4 Describe how you would culture the urine spe | ecimen. | | (30marks) | |
| | 1.5 Describe, with the help of a flowchart, how yo | ou would iden | ntify the | | |
| | causative bacteria if you isolate a Gram positi | ve cocci. | | (20marks) | |
| | | | | | |
| 2. Urethral swab of a 29 year old man with urethral discharge is sent to you for investigation. | | | | | |
| | 2.1 Name two common bacteria that cause urethr | al discharge. | | (10marks) | |
| | 2.2 Mentions 5 specimens other than the urethral | swab that cou | ald be used in | | |
| | the diagnosis of Sexually transmitted infectio | n. | | (10marks) | |
| | 2.3 Describe how you would perform the microsc | copic examina | ation on | | |
| | the specimen given to you. | | | (25marks) | |
| | 2.4 Describe how you would identify the bacteria | a you mention | ned in 2.1 in | | |
| | a routine laboratory in Sri Lanka. | | | (55marks) | |
| | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | |
| | 3.1 Name two molecular diagnostic methods use | ed to detect or | ·identify | | |
| | microorganisms. | | | (10marks) | |
| | 3.2 Describe briefly the basic principles of the m | nethods you | | | |
| | mentioned in 3.1 | | | (20marks) | |
| | 3.3 Discuss briefly the need for the use of molec | ular methods | in | | |
| | | | | | |

| | | the diagnosis of microorganisms. | (30marks) | |
|----|-----------------|---|-----------|--|
| | 3.4 | | | |
| | | diagnosis of microorganisms. | (40marks) | |
| | | | | |
| 4. | | | | |
| | 4.1 | Name five bacteria that produce the enzyme catalase. | (10marks) | |
| | 4.2 | 1.2 Name five biochemical tests, other than catalase test, carried out in | | |
| | | Microbiology laboratories to identify bacteria. | (10marks) | |
| | 4.3 | Describe briefly how to perform catalase test. | (35marks) | |
| | 4.4 | Write note on triple sugar agar test. | (45marks) | |
| | | | VIL | |
| 5. | | | | |
| | 5.1 | 5.1 A 63 year old man with an ulcer on his feet had been in the hospital for a week. | | |
| | | MRSA was isolated from his wound swab. | | |
| | | 5.1.1 What does MRSA stand for? | (05marks) | |
| | | 5.1.2 Name three specimens you would receive to screen for MRSA. | | |
| | | 5.1.3 Describe how you would identify MRSA including the culture | | |
| | | media and the growth requirements. | (30marks) | |
| | 5.2 | Describe how you would identify ESBL production. | (50marks) | |
| | | | | |
| 6. | A s | sputum sample of a 65year old patient with cough and fever for a week is given to you | | |
| | for processing. | | | |
| | 6.1 | Name 3 possible pathogens from a sputum sample. | (15marks) | |
| | 6.2 | Mention 4 bacteria that commonly contaminate sputum specimens. | (10marks) | |
| | 6.3 | Describe how you would assess the quality of the sputum | | |
| | | microscopically. | (25marks) | |
| | 6.4 | Describe how you would identify the organisms you mentioned in 6.1. | (50marks) | |
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